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12	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
13	FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA, COOK DIVISION	
L4		TRUPTED REDIFICIES BY
15	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ) CALIFORNIA, )	Case No. 1133603 COUR. T
L6 L7	Plaintiffs,	REPLY TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR RECUSAL OF SANTA BARBARA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
LB	mifacts.com	PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE SECTION 1424
9	MICHAEL JOSEPH JACKSON,	INDER SEAT
20	Defendant.	Hamarkla Badary S. Maladila
21	}	Honorable Rodney S. Melville Date: November 4, 2004 Time: 8:30 am
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	REPLY TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR RECUSAL OF SANTA BARBARA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE SECTION 1424	

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#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

# MR. JACKSON HAS DEMONSTRATED THAT THE PROSECUTORS HAVE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST WITH THE PROSECUTION OF MR. JACKSON THAT IS SO GRAVE IT IS UNLIKELY THAT MR. JACKSON WILL RECEIVE A FAIR TRIAL

The District Attorney of this County does not have a personal right to prosecute Mr. Jackson. Instead he has a duty to prosecute cases in a fair and even handed manner. If there is a reasonable possibility that he cannot do so, he must step aside and allow another professional prosecutor to handle the case. (People v. Conner (1983) 34 Cal. 3d 141, 147-148.) This is a matter that has to be examined in an objective fashion by a neutral trial judge. Unfortunately, from a neutral vantage point there is no question that the District Attorney crossed the line so many times during the course of this case that more than the required "reasonable possibility" exists. So be it. If Mr. Jackson ought to be prosecuted, the Attorney General will step in and do so but the Santa Barbara District Attorney should step down.

The Court, of course, should not be asked by the prosecution to be an apologist for the prosecutors actions, nor should they ask the Court to turn a blind eye to the obvious. The Court has the duty to "call balls and strikes" without regard to the consequences to who is at bat. The facts, obvious to the most casual observer, demonstrate more than a reasonable possibility of bias.

This is not a close case. There is more than sufficient evidence to suspect that the District Attorney has a personal bias against Mr. Jackson. His conduct, going back to his failure to obtain a conviction against Mr. Jackson in the investigation ten years ago, creates that. "reasonable possibility that the prosecutor's office may not exercise its discretionary function in an even-handed manner." (People v. Conner (1983) 34 Cal. 3d 141, 147-148.) Mr. Jackson is not requesting this Court to appoint a District Attorney "who likes him." (Opposition, page 10.)

We have not received the Attorney General's Opposition to the Motion for Recusal. We will ask leave to reply to the Attorney General's Opposition if and when we receive it.

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 Mr. Jackson is asking this Court to recognize that the evidence shows that the prosecutors have a conflict with the prosecution of this case that is so grave that it threatens to deprive Mr. Jackson of his right to a fair trial under the Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

Mr. Sneddon's active participation in the investigation of Mr. Jackson, without the presence of an investigator, has made him a witness in this case. (Motion for Recusal, pages 6-7.) He will be required to testify at trial since credibility, or lack thereof, is central to both the prosecution's and the defense's case.

Mr. Sneddon also demonstrated bias against Mr. Jackson in several ways that are unheard of in other cases. Mr. Sneddon held a press conference, in which he mocked Mr. Jackson and his music. This demonstrated his personal bias against Mr. Jackson and resulted in criticism of his unprofessional demeanor. (Motion for Recusal, pages 7-8.) The presentation by all of the prosecutors in front of the grand jury demonstrated a complete disregard for their duties to present evidence fairly. (Motion for Recusal, page 8.) Mr. Sneddon's personal performance in front of the grand jury showed his intense personal dislike for Mr. Jackson and his utter inability to restrain himself when faced with facts that challenge his biased interpretation of the evidence in this case. (Motion for Recusal, page 11-21.) This evidence establishes a reasonable possibility that the District Attorney's office may not be capable of exercising its discretionary function in a fair manner. (People v. Conner, supra, 34 Cal. 3d 141, 147-148.)

The District Attorney claims that the 1993-1994 grand juries, convened in both Santa Barbara County and Los Angeles County, were "not asked to indict anyone" because they were "investigative grand juries." (Opposition, pages 3-4.) The prosecution's argument amounts to a post hoc rationalization for the prosecution's failure to obtain an indictment from those grand juries. These grand juries were convened in earnest. Recent discovery shows that the prosecutors presented numerous witnesses to each body. With the resources of two counties at his disposal, and without defense counsel for Mr. Jackson present, the District Attorney was unable to convince either grand jury that probable cause existed to indict Mr. Jackson. The fact that neither grand jury was asked "to indict anyone" suggests that even the prosecutors were

aware of the weak nature of their case. A grand jury does not become "investigative" when the District Attorney realizes that it would be futile to ask for an indictment.

The District Attorney's inability to act in an even-handed manner was demonstrated in the recent grand jury proceedings. Determined not to fail to obtain an indictment with a third grand jury, the District Attorney presented the grand jury with a mountain of inadmissible evidence and displayed an unprecedented lack of courtroom decorum. Attorney and were called in the early stages of the proceedings and were invited to prejudice the jurors with inflammatory and irrelevant testimony about matters that poisoned the well and eliminated any chance that the grand jury proceeding would be fair. (Motion for Recusal, pages 8-11.) Witnesses who contradicted the prosecution's incredible theory of a conspiracy to cover up a child molestation, followed by the child molestation itself, were subjected to bullying by Mr. Sneddon. (Motion for Recusal, pages 11-21.) The claim that Mr. Sneddon's conduct with and manounted to "apparent impatience" with "two distinctly" hostile witnesses (Opposition, page 7) is simply not supported by the grand jury transcripts.

The District Attorney's claim that their investigation was vindicated by the fact that Mr. Jackson was indicted (Opposition, pages 4-5) ignores the fact that this indictment was obtained after a grand jury presentation in which the District Attorneys failed to present evidence fairly and behaved in a fashion that would not have been permitted in open court.

The District Attorney's attempt to downplay the bias demonstrated by Mr. Sneddon's behavior at the November 19, 2003 press conference is belied by the fact that the press conference was roundly criticized by media observers and resulted in the District Attorney taking unusual steps to prevent further embarrassment. The prosecution writes sarcastically that "[e] veryone knows that a sense of humor and a willingness to admit error are defining characteristics of the zealot." (Oppostion, page 7.) In fact, the press conference was such a

debacle<sup>2</sup> and raised so many questions about the District Attorney's bias that, in an unprecedented move, the Santa Barbara District Attorney's Office hired a public relations firm to repair the damage done by the press conference. Despite the District Attorney's efforts to suppress its obvious bias against Mr. Jackson, it remains apparent that the prosecution's blind zeal to convict Mr. Jackson creates the reasonable possibility that it is unable to exercise its discretion in an even-handed fashion.

II.

## THE EVIDENCE OF PROSECUTORIAL BIAS ESTABLISHES THAT THE ENTIRE OFFICE OF THE SANTA BARBARA DISTRICT ATTORNEY MUST BE RECUSED

Mr. Sneddon is the District Attorney of Santa Barbara County. If the Court finds that he must be recused, then it follows that his deputies must be recused as well. (See People v. Choi (2000) 80 Cal. App. 4th 476; People v. Lepe (1985) 164 Cal. App. 3d 684.) The technical aspects of Santa Barbara County's civil service system (Opposition, page 9) are unimportant to this discussion. Mr. Sneddon is the head of the District Attorney's office and his deputies answer to him. If Mr. Sneddon must be recused, it follows that his deputies must be recused as well. Furthermore, the size of the Santa Barbara District Attorney's office, alone, compels a complete recusal of the office.

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The president of Tellem Worldwide, the public relations firm hired by the District Attorney, has publicly referred to the November 19, 2003 press conference as a "debacle." ("PR Agency Touts Sneddon Success: D.A. Needed Help, Tellem Says at Seminar," Santa Barbara News Press, July 16, 2004.)

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CONCLUSION

Mr. Sneddon's bias as documented by his unprecedented conduct compels recusal of him and his entire office. Let a fair and even-handed prosecutor from the Attorney General's Office determine if Mr. Jackson deserves to be prosecuted -- and, if so, for what -- based on an objective view of the law and he evidence. Then, let that fair and even-handed prosecutor try the case. The Santa Barbara District Attorney has no vested right to this case. No other remedy will give Mr. Jackson a chance at a fair trial.

Dated: November 1, 2004

COLLINS, MESEREAU, REDDOCK & YU Thomas A. Mesereau, Jr. Susan C. Yu

SANGER & SWYSEN Robert M. Sanger

OXMAN & JAROSCAK

Brien Oxman

Robert M. Sanger

Attorneys for Defendant

MICHAEL JOSEPH JACKSON

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#### PROOF OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned declare:

I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. I am employed in the County of Santa Barbara. My business address is 233 East Carrillo Street, Suite C, Santa Barbara, California, 93101.

On November 1, 2004, I served the foregoing document REPLY TO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR RECUSAL OF SANTA BARABRA COUNTY DA OFFICE on the interested parties in this action by depositing a true copy thereof as follows:

#### SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

- BY U.S. MAIL I am readily familiar with the firm's practice for collection of mail and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Such correspondence is deposited daily with the United States Postal Service in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid and deposited during the ordinary course of business. Service made pursuant to this paragraph, upon motion of a party, shall be presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postage meter date on the envelope is more than one day after the date of deposit.
- X BY FACSIMILE -I caused the above-referenced document(s) to be transmitted via facsimile to the interested parties at to DISTRICT ATTORNEY and ATTORNEY GENERAL
- BY HAND I caused the document to be hand delivered to the interested parties at the address above.
- X STATE-Ideclare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.
- FEDERAL I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.

Executed November 1, 2004, at Santa Barbara, California.

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#### District Attorney of the County of Santa Barbara

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### PROOF OF SERVICE 1013A(1)(3), 1013(c) CCP

#### STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA:

I am a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of the county aforesaid. I am employed by the County of Santa Barbara, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 312-H East Cook Street, Santa Maria, California.

On NOVEMBER 2, 20 04, I served a copy of the attached REPLY TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR RECUSAL OF SANTA BARBARA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE SECTION 1424 (FURTHER REDACTED BY COURT)

addressed as follows:

THOMAS W. SNEDDON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE 1105 SANTA BARBARA STREET SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101

THOMAS A. MESEREAU, JR.
COLLINS, MESEREAU, REDDOCK & YU, LLP
1875 CENTURY PARK EAST. 7<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR
LOS ANGELES, CA 90067

envelope, with express mail postage paid.

BILL LOCKYER ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE 300 S. SPRING STREET LOS ANGELES, CA 90013

By faxing true copies thereof to the receiving fax numbers of: \_\_(805) 568-2398 (District Attorney's Office); (310) 861-1007 (Thomas Mesereau, Jr.); (213) 897-6496 (Attorney General) . Said transmission was reported complete and without error. Pursuant to California Rules of Court 2005(i), a transmission report was properly issued by the transmitting facsimile machine and is attached hereto.

\_\_\_\_\_ MAIL
\_\_\_ By placing true copies thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid, in the United States Postal Service mail box in the City of Santa Maria, County of Santa Barbara, addressed as above. That there is delivery service by the United States Postal Service at the place so addressed or that there is a regular communication by mail between the place of mailing and the place so addressed.

\_\_\_\_ PERSONAL SERVICE
\_\_\_\_ By leaving a true copy thereof at their office with the person having charge thereof or by hand delivery to the above mentioned parties.
\_\_\_\_ EXPRESS MAIL

By depositing such envelope in a post office, mailbox, sub-post office, substation, mail chute, or other

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 2<sup>ND</sup> day of

like facility regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service for receipt of Express Mail, in a sealed

NOVEMBER , 20 04 , at Santa Maria, California.

CARRIE L. WAGNER