- 11			
1	THOMAS W. SNEDDON, JR., DISTRICT ATTORNE County of Santa Barbara	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARIA	
2	By RONALD J. ZONEN (State Bar No. 85094)		
3	Senior Deputy District Attorney GORDON AUCHINCLOSS (State Bar No. 15025	DEC 15 270)	
4	Senior Deputy District Attorney GERALD McC. FRANKLIN (State Bar No. 4017	1) GARY M BLAIR, Executive Officer CARRIE L WAGNER, Debuty Clerk	
5	Senior Deputy District Attorney 1112 Santa Barbara Street	WAGNER, Debuty Clerk	
6	Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Telephone: (805) 568-2300	W. I. C. C. I. d. Ser. State A	
7	FAX: (805) 568-2398	* tensealed pursue at	
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA		
10	SANTA MARIA DIVISION		
11			
12	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	No. 1133603	
13	njfacts.com mifacts.com	PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION	
14	Plaintiff,	RESPONSE TO DEFENSE MOTION TO CONTINUE	
15	v))	
16			
17	MICHAEL JOE JACKSON,) DATE: December 20, 2004	
18	Defendant.) TIME: 8:30 a.m.) DEPT: SM 2 (Melville)	
19	mjracts.com	mjracusicom	
20		HILED UNDER SEAL	
21	In addressing the defendant's motion to continue, we have no quibble with their		
22	statements of the law. The decision to continue a trial is, indeed, a discretionary, fact-based		
23	judicial decision. On the other hand, to say we quibble with the defense's factual assertions is		
24	an understatement. The following response will place the defendant's assertions in a more		
25	factual context.	mjfacts.com	
26	The People's response must necessarily begin the defendant's ludicrous assertion		
27	that they had " provided over 30,000 pages of discovery to the People." In fact, among the		
28	documents provided to the prosecution by the defense were documents related to the J.C.		
	mifacts com		

People's Opposition Response to Desense Motion to Continue

Penny's case, which were provided to each side in early April of 2004 by mutual agreement and court order. Senior Deputy District Attorney Jerry Franklin drove to Los Angeles in April and picked up those materials, copies of which were eventually provided to the defense.

Among the thousands of pages provided to us were simply materials that we had already provided to the defendant.

Similarly, among this alleged massive amount of material were the voluminous medical and school records previously subpoenaed to the court in September. Again, by mutual agreement, the court ordered the People to take those documents, make copies for both sides and return the originals to court. The documents were released to the People for that purpose on a Friday and returned to the court early the following week. Copies of those materials were provided to the defense even before the originals were returned to the court. Those medical and school records are approximately 10 to 11 inches thick and constitute almost all of the remainder of the alleged defense discovery.

In between the disc contains two rather large breaks in Bates numbers. The first is from #17243 to #22861. The second is another 2000 page break between Bates stamp #25870 and #27871. The assertion that 30,000 pages of discovery were provided to the People is a sham. In actuality, they simply returned to us documents that we had already provided to them over five months ago. It is no wonder that the defense whines about a lack of preparation for trial; they waste valuable time playing games in the discovery process.

The following addresses each defense contention by paragraph.

Paragraph a. The defense alleges that the prosecution "dumped" 14, 000 pages of discovery on them in the last 60 days.

Actually the People haven't "dumped" anything on the defense. Discovery has been provided according to the court's directions, deadlines and orders. The "14,000-pages" figure also bears some discrete analysis in terms of the actual number of new materials provided.

- The 1993-94 Sheriff's Department Investigation Material.

On September 17, 2004, after the defense requested discovery of the 1993-94

investigation during a proceeding in open court, the Court asked the People whether such documents were available to them. The People responded the next day that they had not yet determined whether any of the witnesses involved in that earlier investigation, or materials gathered in the course of that investigation would be used in the instant case. Nevertheless, we agreed without reservation to obtain and provide the information. The court ordered the production of the materials forthwith. Between January 29, 2004 and July 6, 2004, over 2,827 pages of discovery had been provided to the defense. Between July 6 and September 18, the day of the court's order, it stood at 4,486. By September 28, 2004, the number had risen to 4,770.

On October 8, 2004, in compliance with the court's order, the defense was given 6,721 pages of discovery related to the Santa Barbara County Sheriff's Department's 1993-94 investigation into the allegations against Michael Joe Jackson of child molestation.

One of the unfortunate consequences of our effort to comply with the court's concern that these materials be provided promptly to the defense was our decision to reproduce the documents without first carefully examining them. Our later examination revealed that over a quarter of the materials provided to the defense were duplicates. The numerous blank pages the defense complains of in their motion to compel are just simply that: They are copies of the divider sheets used by the detectives to separate one report from another. This fact is readily apparent to any reasonably thoughtful person.

Moreover, at least 2,000 of the pages involved deposition transcripts of witnesses in the Jordan Chandler lawsuit against the defendant. The defense has had those transcripts for years.

The assertion that the quantity of these materials has somehow created an obstacle to defense trial preparation simply is not consistent with the dates discovery was provided the defense, the nature of the materials provided and the appreciation that nowhere near the gross number of pages discovered involved new information or materials not already possessed by the defense.

Unquestionably, a discovery order more narrowly-tailored to be consistent with

the requirements of Penal Code section 1054.1 would have resulted in considerably less discovery. For example, among the materials provided the defense are at least 500 pages of reports involving allegations against Mr. Jackson that investigators determined to be unfounded. In addition, there are reports of a considerable number of interviews that do not even begin to come within the purview of section 1054.1 or *Brady*. It is difficult to see why the People's right to a speedy trial should now be compromised by the fact that we complied so completely, so rapidly and so thoroughly to the defense's request and court's order.

-- Attorney General Investigation

On October 29, 2004, over 1,100 pages of the Attorney General's report and investigation into the defendant's allegations against the Sheriff's Department, including the Attorney General's finding that the allegations were unfounded, were provided to the defense. This was done to accommodate an informal request for discovery by the defense and despite the fact that it is difficult to understand how discovery of that report would have been compelled by Penal Code section 1054.1. Nevertheless, the People sought and obtained an order of the Court requesting the Attorney General turn over the materials to the People. The People in turn provided the materials to the defense within three days of their receipt by the District Attorney's Office.

- Santa Barbara District Attorney's 1993-94 Investigation Materials

On October 28, 2004, nearly 2,800 pages of materials from the 1993-1994 investigation by the District Attorney's Office into the child molestation allegations against Michael Jackson were turned over to the defense. A review of those materials disclosed most were duplicates of the Sheriff's materials, except for several Grand Jury transcripts of Mr. Jackson's employees, none of whom are on the People's witness list.

-- Document Search Warrant

As the court is aware, numerous search warrants were issued to various telephone, bank and credit card companies. This is not a case where a large volume of discovered pages necessarily correlate to a larger number of witnesses. Those search warrants were issued to obtain telephone subscriber information, telephone call data, bank records and

credit card records relating to several individuals connected with the defendant in this case.

The defense included these warrants and business records in complaining about the large number of documents received by them. The effect of that inclusion was to overstate the impact on the defense preparation time its examination of those records would have. The true effect was far less burdensome than the numbers suggest.

Paragraph b. Evidence Code section 1054.1 requires the People to provide the names and addresses of witnesses they intend to call at trial. Defendant complains that Plaintiff's list of the names of its prospective witnesses did not include the addresses of those witnesses.

During the last 12 months the People have provided reports containing the names, addresses and in some appropriate instances, even the phone numbers of individuals we later listed as potential witnesses. The People are not aware of any case, nor has any decision been cited by the defense, that requires the People to cull, cross-reference and combine information already provided to the defense in earlier-discovered reports in order to create a single document naming prospective witnesses with names and addresses. Indeed, 70 of the 164 names on the People's witness list appear with addresses on the defense's list of their prospective witnesses.

The names and addresses of Susan Hansen and Hiep Huyn were provided to the defense during the execution of the most recent Neverland search warrant and appear again in reports discovered to the defense shortly after those events.

The defense complains that "DuRoss O'Brien," one of the persons on the prosecution's list of witnesses, does not exist. Mr. O'Brien does exist. He is a forensic accountant, and his curriculum vitae has already been provided to the defense.

As for the witness, Dr. Ho, Lt. LeGault and Mr. Montague-Manchester, they cannot seriously contend that a telephone call could not have been faster and more expeditious than the time it took to incorporate this trivia into this motion.

However, to ease the burden about which defendant complains, the People prepared and provided the defense an amended witness list with addresses on December 16,

2004. While the task took several hours for us to accomplish, this is hardly the type of activity calculated to rob the defense team of valuable trial preparation opportunities.

Paragraph c. <u>The Prosecution's Newly Announced Battered Women's</u> Syndrome Defense of Janet <u>Arvizo</u>.

Janet Arvizo married David Arvizo when she was 16 years old. She remained married to him for 16 years. He was physically abusive to her, and to their children, during the entirety of their marriage. The marriage ended with David Arvizo's prosecution and conviction, by plea, to two different offenses of domestic abuse involving his wife and his daughter.

Although the parameters of the domestic abuse testimony likely will be resolved in a pretrial hearing, the People will ask leave to call an expert in domestic violence to assist the jury in properly understanding the issues victims of domestic violence contend with. This information would help the jury understand Janet Arvizo and why she responded to Michael Jackson and to his employees in the manner in which she did.

The expert witness will not be testifying to the facts of the case and therefore will not be furnishing a report. However, the prosecution has turned over to the defense the curriculum vitae of each of the witnesses. The People will only be calling one of the witnesses. The decision to list multiple witnesses was predicated upon the uncertainty created by the length of jury selection, the speed of the trial, and other pre-trial evidentiary rulings that could affect the date of the witnesses' appearance. Given these factors, we felt it wise to have backup witnesses in the event of the unavailability of the primary one.

Paragraph d. The defense is correct in their assertion that the People recently sought two search warrants. One was for a DNA sample from the defendant. The purpose for which the DNA was sought is outlined in the affidavit in support of the probable cause for the issuance of the search warrant.

Numerous biological samples were recovered from Defendant's residence. One particular DNA profile has been identified as "male 1." That profile is believed to be Michael Jackson's. If that is his profile, than he is potentially the source of a blood stain on a pair of

underpants that tests positive for both cocaine and Demerol. The extent of Mr. Jackson's drug problems at the time of his association with the Doe children may become an issue at trial and most certainly will if he takes the witness stand. "Male 1" is not the profile of a second biological sample from a different pair of underpants. The DNA is extracted from semen. Defendant's DNA sample is needed to confirm that he is in possession of briefs stained with the semen of another male, which would tend to corroborate John Doe's statement that Jackson kept his underpants possibly also semen stained.

None of this is new information for the defense. The DNA simply confirms what is already suspected and what has already been known to the defense for quite some time.

The December 3, 2004, warrant covered three subjects.

- The alarm system to Jackson's private quarters.
- The ranch's internal telephone system.
- Measurements to facilitate preparation of animated view of the crime scene inside Jackson's private quarters.

None involve matters that create good reason for a continuance. The crime scene has been under the defense's control and custody since November 18, 2003. The issues addressed in the probable cause for the execution of the search warrant and the search itself were simple in nature and not calculated to create evidentiary issues requiring the diversion of defense time or resources. The People were able to accomplish, through the employment of experts, two of the three subjects in less than a six-hour stay on the ranch's premises. Inasmuch as the defense now knows exactly what the People were looking for, as well as what the People's experts found, it should be able to confirm the findings of the People's experts in a matter of hours. That effort would not require defense counsel's presence or participation.

As for the third item, the computer animation, defense attorneys and investigators were present during the entire time in which the animation people were on the premises. They have a videotape of the entire process. They are currently in a position to evaluate the expert's work.

Paragraph e. It is true that the People's witness list contains names of parties

to the Abdool vs. Jackson lawsuit. It is not true that their testimony will involve the issues framed by that lawsuit. The allegations involved in that lawsuit were wrongful termination, wage issues, alleged eavesdropping and intimidation by Mr. Jackson and several of his named employees, not child molestation. As defense well knows – Attorney Sanger was defendant's attorney in that case — the court in that particular proceeding specifically ruled that no reference to or evidence of the child molest allegations against Michael Jackson was to be admissible.

As the People's discovery disclosed, several of the witnesses in that case made statements to law enforcement authorities in connection with the 1993-1994 investigation of allegations that Michael Jackson molested young boys. These statements have nothing to do with the civil suit brought years later.

The defense has had possession of information concerning that civil lawsuit for years. Their claimed need for further access to that information is not a legitimate ground for a continuance.

Paragraph f. The indictment in this case was filed on April 21, 2004. The defense motion to dismiss the indictment pursuant to Penal Code section 995 was filed in July and heard on July 27, 2004. The court ruled on the motion on October 14, 2004.

A request to produce the transcript of the selection process and/or a simple request to review any proposed questions submitted by grand jurors should and could have been submitted months ago. The information the defense needed to submit such request has been available to them since early May of 2004. The issue of the Grand Jury's questions was raised at the last court hearing, but the defense made no effort to obtain and review this information. One must reasonably conclude that these requests were deliberately delayed to buttress the defense's request for a continuance. The defense should not be rewarded with a continuance for its self-imposed delays.

Paragraph g. The People do not agree with this statement. The phrase, "significant amount" is typical defense hyperbole. The prosecution does, indeed, have an ongoing obligation to provide discovery to the defense. The courts have always recognized

that "ongoing" discovery occurs up to and including trial. The fact of the matter is there is very little discovery remaining to be provided the defense. **CONCLUSION** The defense motion to continue should be denied. The many reasons presented were self-imposed delays. Others are matters of some import or impact on their ability to prepare. DATED: December 15, 2004 Respectfully submitted, District Attorney

People's Opposition Response to Desense Motion to Continue

PROOF OF SERVICE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SS COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years and I am not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is: District Attorney's Office; Courthouse; 1112 Santa Barbara Street, Santa Barbara, California 93101. On December 15, 2004, I served the within PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION RESPONSE TO DEFENSE MOTION TO CONTINUE on Defendant, by THOMAS A. MESEREAU, JR., ROBERT SANGER, and BRIAN OXMAN by personally delivering a true copy thereof to Mr. Sanger's office in Santa Barbara, by transmitting a facsimile copy thereof to Attorney Mesereau, and by causing a true copy thereof to be mailed to Mr. Mesereau, first class postage prepaid, at the addresses shown on the attached Service List. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed at Santa Barbara, California on this 15th day of December, 2004.

: فالله

	SERVICE LIST	
jfacts.com		mjfacts.com
THOMAS Collins, M	A. MESEREAU, JR. esereau, Reddock & Yu, LLP	
1875 Cent Los Angel	ury Park East, No. 700 es, CA 90067	
Attomey f	or Defendant Michael Jackson	
ROBERT	SANGER, ESQ.	
233 E. Car Santa Bart	nillo Street, Suite C	ts.com
BRIAN O Oxman &	XMAN, ESQ. Jaroscak, Lawyers	90 3
Santa Fe S	Springs, CA 90670	
Co-counse	el for Defendant	
mi		cts.com
- a a		
nifacts.com		
3.4000.00111		
	10000 ·	
	THOMAS Collins, M 1875 Cent Los Angel FAX: (310 Attorney f ROBERT Sanger & 233 E. Car Santa Bart FAX: (805 Co-counse BRIAN O Oxman & 14126 E. I Santa Fe S	THOMAS A. MESEREAU, JR. Collins, Mesereau, Reddock & Yu, LLP 1875 Century Park East, No. 700 Los Angeles, CA 90067 FAX: (310) 284-3122 Attomey for Defendant Michael Jackson ROBERT SANGER, ESQ. Sanger & Swysen, Lawyers 233 E. Carrillo Street, Suite C Santa Barbara, CA 93001 FAX: (805) 963-7311 Co-counsel for Defendant BRIAN OXMAN, ESQ. Oxman & Jaroscak, Lawyers 14126 E. Rosecrans Blvd., Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 Co-counsel for Defendant MITACESCOM Co-counsel for Defendant MITACESCOM MITA