MOV-23-2004 (TUE) 14:42 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY (FAX)805 560 1078 P. 004/061 THOMAS W. SNEDDON, JR., DISTRICT ATTORNEY 1 County of Santa Barbara
By: RONALD J. ZONEN (State Bar No. 85094) 2 Senior Deputy District Attorney
GORDON AUCHINCLOSS (State Bar No. 150251) 5 Senior Deputy District Attorney
GERALD McC. FRANKLIN (State Bar No. 40171) 4 Senior Deputy District Attorney 5 1112 Santa Barbara Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101 Telephone: (805) 568-2300 FAX: (805) 568-2398 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA S FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA 9 SANTA MARIA DIVISION 10 ! 1 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA. No. 1133603 13 PLAINTIFF'S PROPOSED 13 Plaintiff. REDACTION OF DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR COURT-ORDERED MENTAL EXAMINATIONS OF CERTAIN 14 15 PROSECUTION WITNESSES. AND OUR MEMORANDUM RE: MICHAEL JOE JACKSON, 16 DEFENDANT'S OWN. WOEFULLY INADEQUATE 17 REDACTION OF THE MOTION 13 DATE: November 29, 2004 TIME: 10:00 a.m. . DEPT: TBA (Melville) Defendant. 19 20 UNDER SEAL! 21 22 A. Introduction 23 Defendant recently moved the Court to order "mental examinations for the 24 complaining witnesses Jane Doe, John Doe and James Doe on several grounds. His submission 25 consisted of his notice of motion (2 pages), its supporting memorandum of points and 26 authorities (27 pages, plus an unnumbered cover sheet), and a supporting declaration by 27 Attorney Brian Oxman (22 pages); a total of 51 pages of text. 28 1111

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Defendant also filed his "Ex Parte Application To File Under Scal" his "Motion.for Mental Examination."

B. The Court's "Protective Order"

On January 23, 2004, this Court filed a "Protective Order" binding on both parties and all potential witnesses. It forbids the release of:

- "1. ... any purported statement of either the defendant or witnesses relating to this case:
- "2. . . . any documents, exhibits, photographs, or any evidence, the admissibility of which may have to be determined by the Court"

C. Attorney Oxman's Proposed Reduction

In his application to seal defendant's Motion for Mental Examinations, Attorney Oxinan alleged as a reason for scaling that "An inspection of the documents will reveal that they disclose the testimony of witnesses or potential witnesses and disclose possible evidence, the admissibility of which, is yet to be determined." (Ex Parte App., 3:21-24.) Attorney Oxman's supporting Declaration further stated that sealing was required, in part, to "prevent the disclosure of witnesses, potential witnesses and potential evidence." (Decl. 5:6-9.)

Defendant's "Proposed Reducted" version of the moving papers disclose that six words of the two-page Notice of Motion, 84 words of the 27-page supporting Memorandum of Points and Authorities and 84 words of the 22-page Declaration – 174 words in all, on the 51 pages of text - were redacted. And though all 51 pages of text, virtually from beginning to end, recited scandalous and prejudicial evidence or "potential evidence," there was no proposed reduction of any of that text. Each and every one of the 174 words reducted by desendant were the names of one member or another of the Doe family.

In addition, defendant did not propose to redact even one of the 32 Exhibits, consisting of 113 pages, which accompanied his motion.

D. Discussion

Defendant and his counsel, and in particular Attorney Oxman, are well-acquainted with the provisions of the Protective Order. Attorney Oxman's declaration in support of his

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submission of the defense's proposed redaction of the 162 pages comprising defendant's Motion for Mental Examination evidences his awareness that they "disclose the testimony of witnesses or potential witnesses and disclose possible evidence, the admissibility of which, is yet to be determined."

How, then, can Attorney Oxman, plausibly suggest to this Court that all but 174 words of the argumentative motion he authored, and ALL of the exhibits he attached to that motion, are appropriate for release to the public? Plainly, he can not.

Plaintiff respectfully suggests that Attorney Oxman either knows better, or he does not. In either event, this Court, of regrettable necessity, must intervene.

E. Request

- 1. The People respectfully request that Attorney Oxman's proposed redaction of the Motion for Mental Examination he authored be rejected. An appropriately thoroughgoing redaction should be substituted in its place. All of the exhibits to the Motion should be redacted by simply removing them from the moving papers before the redacted motion is scanned and released. Plaintiff tenders herewith its own reduction of defendant's Motion;
- 2. Whoever Mr. Mesercau nominates as the lawyer who will argue the merits of the "Motion for Mental Examination" Mr. Oxman authored on behalf of the defendant should be cautioned not to mention or discuss any of the materials referred to in the moving papers or attached as exhibits thereto. Mr. Oxman has shown beyond the need for further discussion that unless limits are plainly articulated and swiftly enforced he cannot be relied upon to restrain himself on behalf of his client when he believes appreciative note of his arguments will be taken by the media.

DATED: November 23, 2004

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS W. SNEDDON, JR. District Attorney

By:

Gerald McC. Franklin, Senior Deputy

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Santa Barbarz, California 92454, before the Honorable Rodney S. Melville, Mr. Michael Jackson, through his counsel, will and hereby does move the court to order a mental examination for complaining witnesses the state of the state motion on the following grounds:

- (1) The grosecution opened the door to permit a mental examination of the complaining witnesses by offering its own mental examination and expert testimony concerning their mental condition, and the complaining witnesses have waived the provisions of Penal Code section 1112 by employing an expert psychologist to examine the wimeses' mental status and provide expert testimony of mental condition;
- (2) Mr. Jackson cannot cross-examine and confront expert witness Psychologist Stanley Katz unless he is permitted equal access to the subject matter of the expert's mental examination, which are the complaining witnesses, and procluding equal access to the witnesses for examination deprives Mr. Jackson of his Sixth Amendment rights to confront and cross-examine expect witnesses against him.

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This Motion will be based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the accompanying Memorandum, the Declaration of Brian Oxman and ., and all the records, papers and other pleadings on file with the court.

Dated: November 19, 2004 Respectfully submitted, COLLINS, MESEREAU, REDDOCK & YU Taomas A. Mesereau, Jr. Susan C. Yu SANGER & SWYSEN Robert M. Sanger OXMAN & JAROSCAK By: R. Brise Caman

Attorneys for Defendant MICHAEL JOSEPH JACKSON

MIL JACKSON'S MODUCE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION

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I. Maureen Impseak declare and say:

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I em an artorney at law admitted to practice before all the courts of the state of California and I am an attorney for Mr. Michael Jackson in the above-entitled action. My business address is 14126 Bast Rosecrans Blvd., Santo Fe Springs, California 90670. Im over 18 years and not a party to the aboveentitled action. On November 19, 2004, I served the following:

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EX PARTE APPLICATION TO FILE UNDER SEAL

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MR. JACKSON'S NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION

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MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION

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on the interested parties by placing a true copy of the document in a sealed envelope, and depositing it in the United States Mail with first class postage prepaid at La Mirada, California, and addressed as follows:

DECLARATION OF BRIAN OXMAN AND JOHN HOCHMAN

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Thomas Sneddon 1112 Sapta Barbara Street Santa Barbera, CA 93101 Fax No. 805 568-2453

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In addition, on this same date, I served a copy of the document by fax to the above-indicated number by transmitting a true copy of it by facsimile pursuant to Rule 2003 of the California Rules of Court, and no error was reported by the machine. Pursuant to Rule 2008(e), I had the machine print a record of the transmission, and a copy of that record is attached to this declaration.

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I decime under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and contect.

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Executed this 19" day of November, 2664 at Santa Fe Springs, California.

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Maureen Jurascak

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I.

INTRODUCTION

Mr. Michael Jackson submits this Memorandum in support of his Motion for Mental Examination of Complaining Witnesses.

Mr. Jackson's motion is besed on the following grounds:

- (1) The prosecution opened the door to permit a mental examination of the complaining witnesses by offering its own mental examination and expert testimony concerning their mental condition, and the complaining witnesses have waived the provisions of Penal Code section 1112 by employing an expert psychologist to examine the witnesses' mental status and provide expert testimony of mental condition;
- (2) Mr. Jackson cannot effectively cross-examine and confront prosecution expert witness. Psychologist Stanley Katz unless he is permitted equal access to the subject matter of the expert's mental examination, which are the complaining witnesses, and precluding equal access to the witnesses for examination deprives Mr. Jackson of his Sixth Amendment rights to confront and cross-examine expert witnesses against him.



A. Statement of the Case.

1. Plaintiff's Complaint.

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The complaint was based on more than seven (7) interviews conducted with the complaining witnesses by Psychologist Stanley Katz. Stanley Katz detailed the alleged conduct that formed the basis of the complaint, and the complaint mirrored his interviews and reports to law enforcement. In addition, law enforcement conducted more than two (2) dozen interviews with the complaining witnesses, and more than a hundred separate interviews with other witness.

Mr. Jackson voluntarily surrendered to the Santa Barbara Sheriff's Office on November 20, 2003, and was arraigned on the original charges on January 16, 2004. Mr. Jackson pleaded not guilty. However, the prosecution soon abandoned the December 18, 2003, Complaint and convened a Grand Jury to return an Indictment against Mr. Jackson. Without the benefit of witness cross-examination, the Grand Jury issued an indictment on April 26, 2004, consisting of one (1) count of conspiracy with five (5) other unindicted individuals in violation of Penal Code section 182, four (4) counts of Lewd Acts Upon a Child in violation of Penal Code section 288a, one (1) count of Attempted Lewd Act Upon a Child in violation of Penal Code sections 664 and 288a, and four (4) counts of Administering an Intoxicant in the Commission of a Felony in violation of Penal Code section 222.

2. The witnesses changed the dates and facts for the Indictment.

The Indictment was markedly different from the December 18, 2003, Complaint. The Complaint contained seven (7) counts of Lewd Acts Upon a Child, where the Indictment contained only four (4), plus one of Attempted Lewd Act Upon a Child. Somewhere, the perception of the facts in this case was significantly altered, and the Indictment no longer followed the details and chronology recounted by Psychologist Katz.

In addition, the Complaint alleged two (2) counts of Administration of an Intoxicant, where the Indictment alleged four (4). In view of repeated interviews and witness statements, the change in facts, counts, and dates has created an irreconcilable inconsistency with no explanation.

The dates of the alleged crimes also changed. The Complaint said five (5) of the seven (7) "lewd acts" allegedly occurred "on or between February 7, 2003, and March 10, 2003," and all the other counts occurred between February 20 and March 10, 2003. But the Indictment now says that all but the new conspiracy charges occurred between February 20, and March 12, 2003. Now it is a conspiracy starting February 7, but no lewd act until February 20. This was not just a narrowing of the time period, but it was

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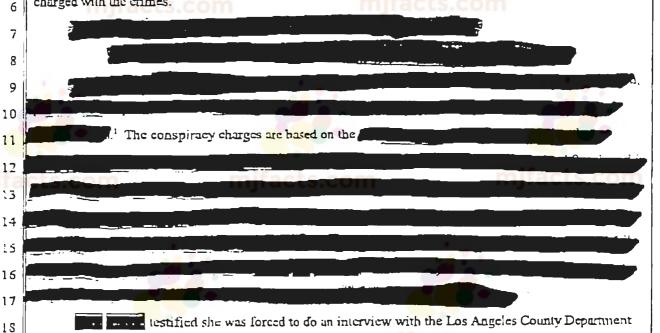
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also a lengthening of the time period. Suddenly, something happened on March 12 that was not included in the Complaint.

In the Indictment, Mr. Jackson was charged with conspiracy to engage in Child Abduction, False Imprisonment, and Extortion. He was not indicted on the actual objects of the conspiracy itself, nor were these acts charged as stand-alone crimes or attempted crimes. Not even the alleged co-conspirators are charged with the crimes.



of Children and Family Services on February 20, 2004, in the home of her where she

'In People v, Rober, 177 Cal. App.3d 523, 530-31 (1986), the court stated:

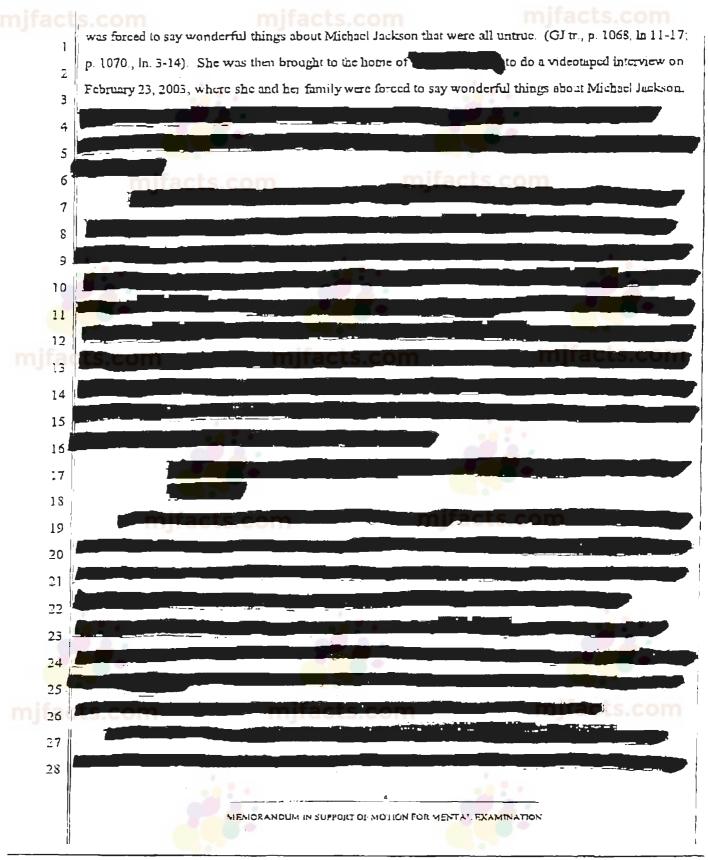
"The capacity of a witness to observe, recollect and narrate an occurrence is a proper subject of inquiry on cross-examination. If as a result of a mental condition such capacity has been substantially diminished, evidence of that condition before, at and after the occurrence ... is ordinarily admissible for use by the trier in passing on the credibility of the witness.' Certain types of mental disorders are highly probative on the issue of a witness' credibility. For example, the veracity of one afflicted with a psychosis such as paranoid schizophrenia may be impaired by distortions in his ability to perceive and recall events; a schizophrenic who suffers delusions and hallucinations may have difficulty distinguishing fact from fantusy. Where psychotherapy records contain evidence of such disorders especially probative of the ability of an important prosecution witness to comprehend and accurately relate the subject of his testimony, the constitutional confrontation clause has been held to prevail over a statutory privilege."

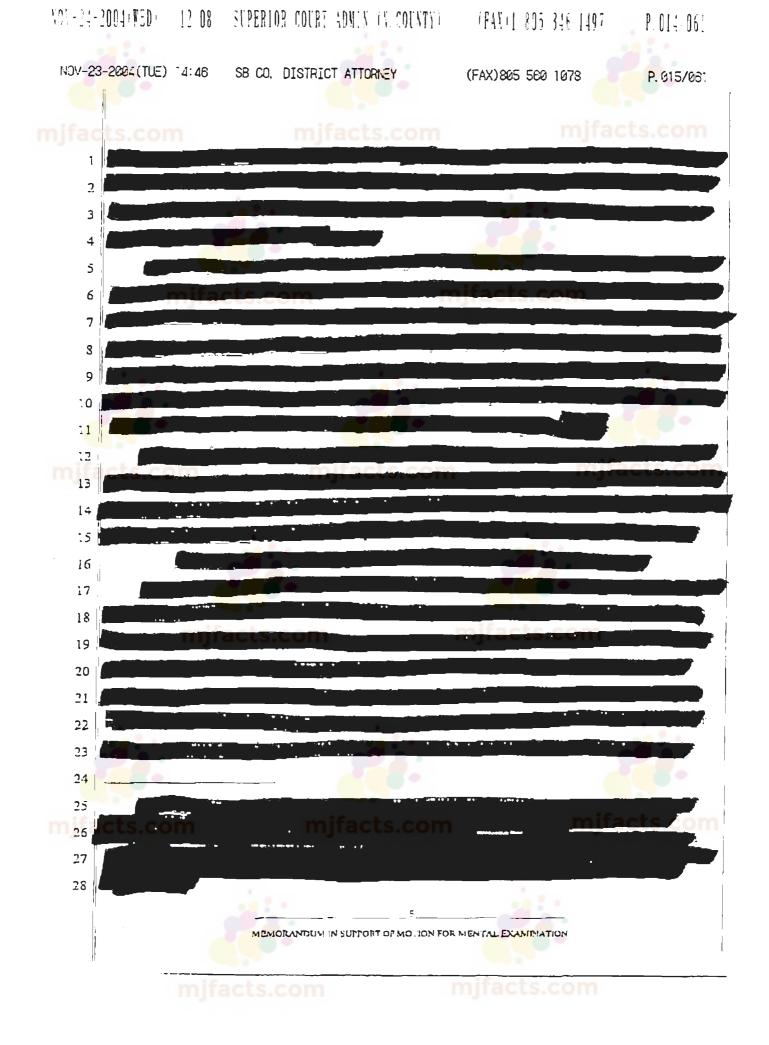
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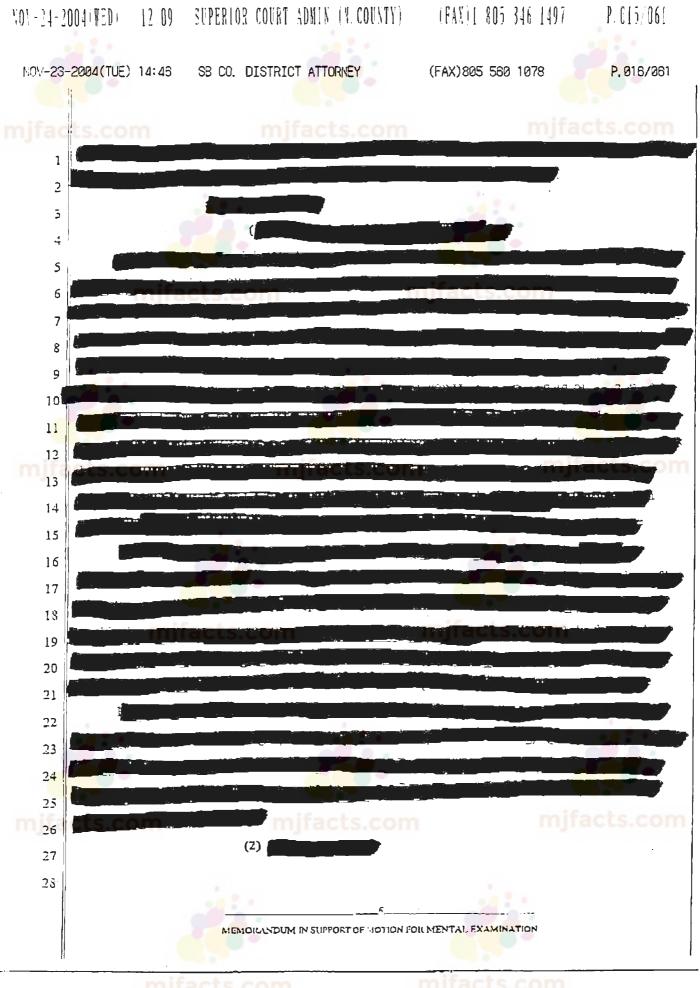
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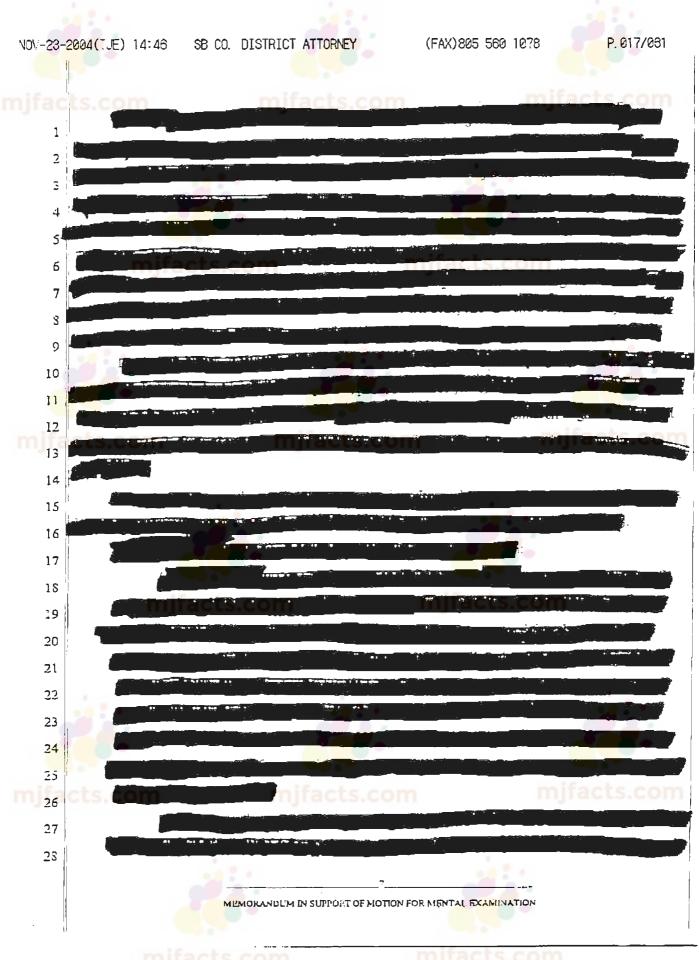
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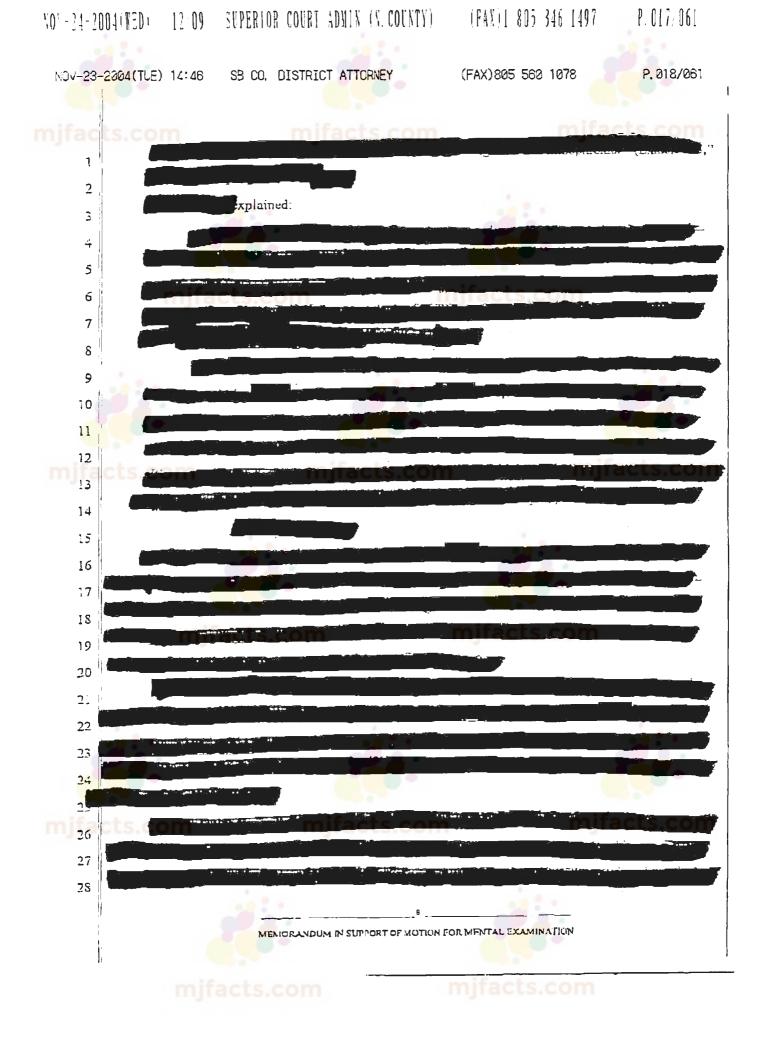
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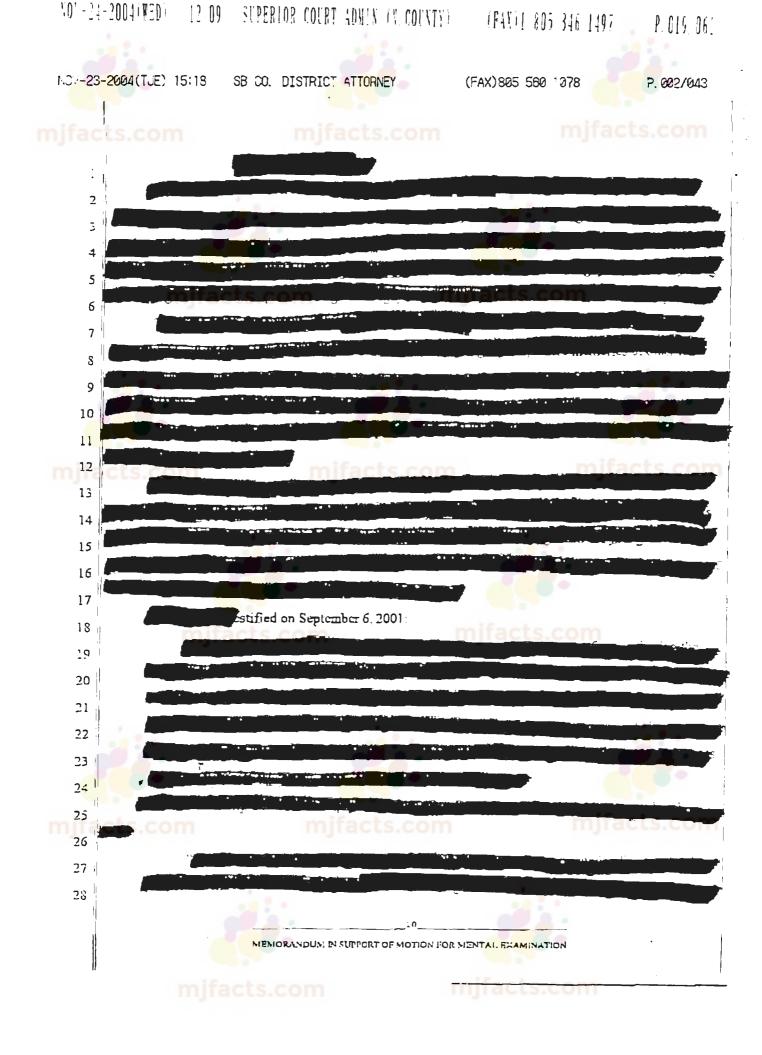
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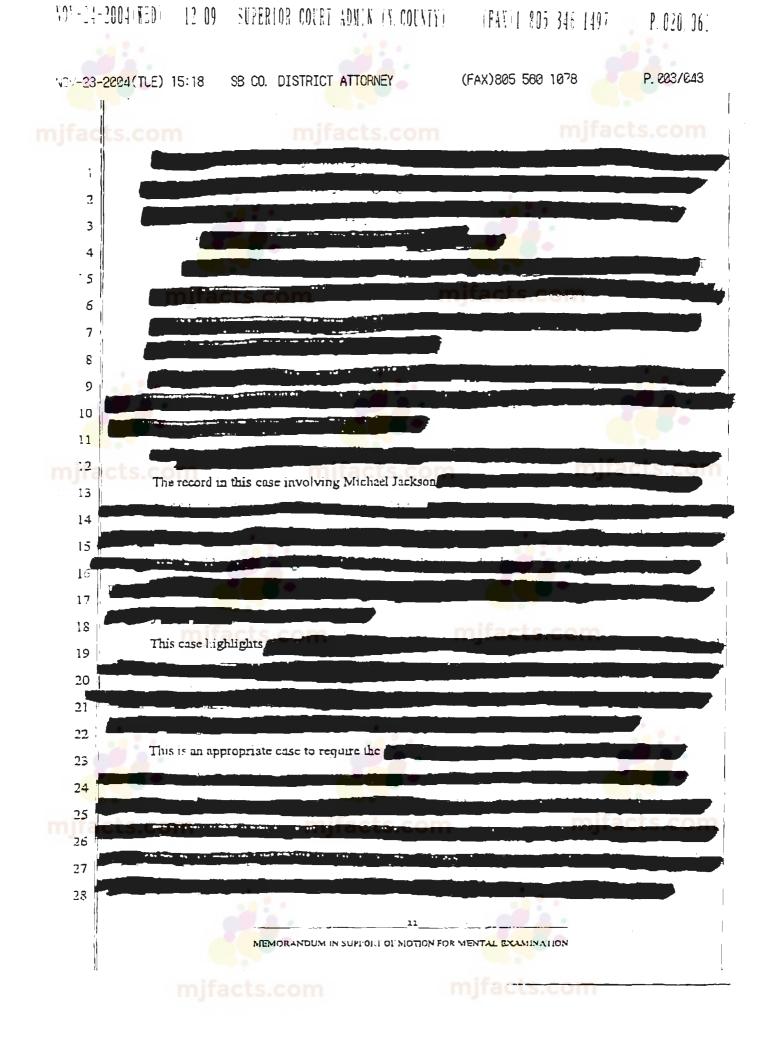
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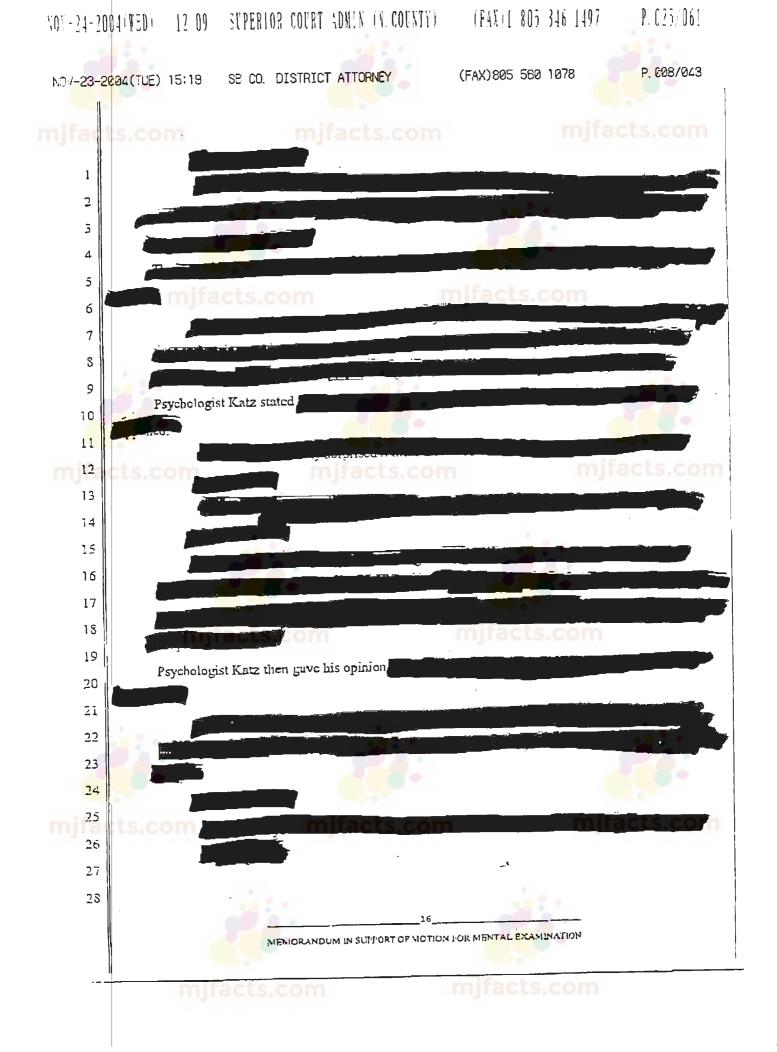
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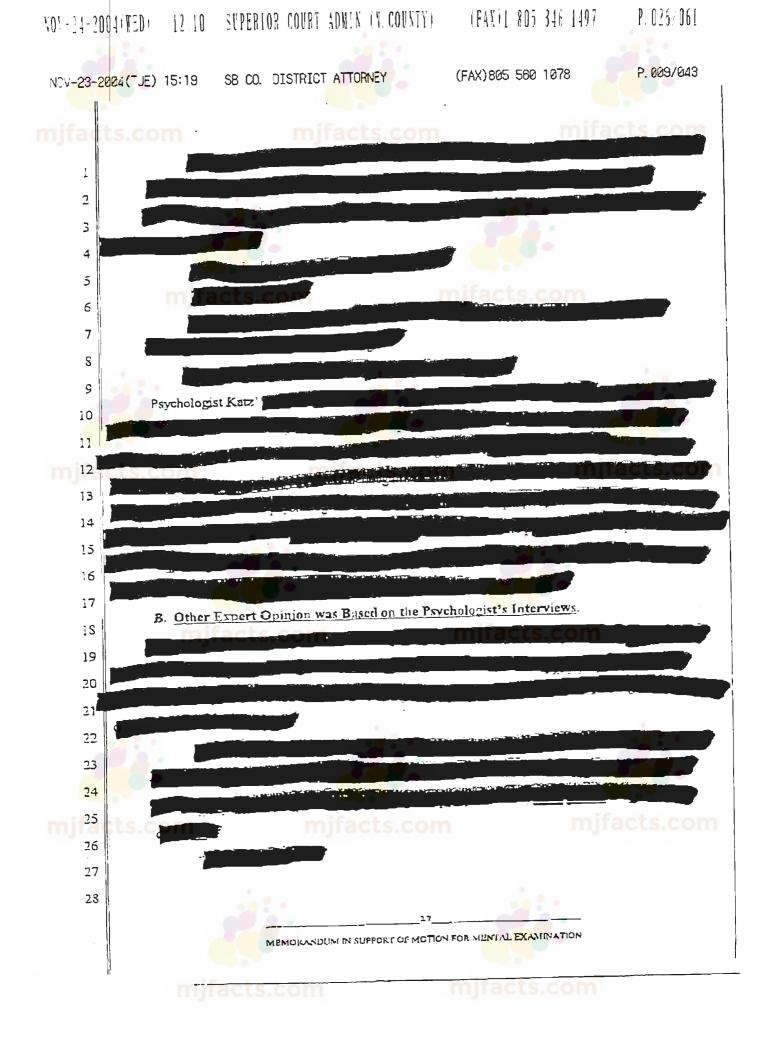
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B. The Legislature Permits Examinations to Assess of Mental Competence and Illness.

Prior to People v. Russell, 69 Cal. 2d 187 (1968), the California Supreme Court had ruled that in the absence of any legislative authority, a trial court had discretion to order a psychiatric examination of the complaining witness in a sex offense if that defendant presented a "compelling reason" to establish the necessity of such an examination. Ballard v. Superior Court, 64 Cal. 2d 159, 176 (1966). Such necessity was shown if the allegations had "little or no corroboration" and the defense asserted there was a connection between the complaining witness's "mental or emotional condition" and her veracity. Id. at 177. Ballard recognized that expert psychiatric testimony regarding the mental or emotional condition of a witness was inadmissible for impeachment purposes, but an exception to this rule existed based on a general distrust of complaining witnesses in sex offense cases. Id. at 171-75.

In <u>People v. Russell</u>, 69 Cal. 2d 187 (1968), the trial court ordered a psychiatric examination of a complaining witness in a sex officese case. However, at trial the court refused without explanation to permit the psychiatrist to testify. The Supreme Court reversed, finding the trial judge had abused his discretion in categorically excluding such evidence. The court found "the legal discretion of the judge should be exercised liberally in favor of the defendant" in permitting a psychiatric examination of a complaining witness. Id. at 198.

"[I]t must be determined from the offer of proof and, if necessary, from voir dire examination, if the evidence sought to be introduced bears upon the matter at issue, to wit, the credibility of the complaining witness — by showing the effect of a particular mental or emotional condition upon her ability to tell the truth. In addition, the evidence offered must be examined with a view to ensuring that the knowledge which is represented can be effectively communicated to the jury Further, the court should make a determination as to whether the examination which is the basis of the evidence utilized techniques of general scientific acceptance and was sufficiently thorough to facilitate a reliable opinion. Finally, the evidence should be examined with a view to preserving the integrity of the jury as the finder of fact: expert opinion is admitted in this area in order to inform the jury of the effect of a certain medical condition upon the ability of the witness to tell the truth—not in order to decide for the jury whether the witness was or was not telling the truth on a particular occasion.

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"It is to be emphasized, however, that the considerations above suggested can be undertaken only in the course of a thorough review of the evidence sought to be introduced as it is set forth in the offer of proof. Further, we are of the view that the reasoning underlying the court's conclusion as to be the admission of such evidence should appear to some degree in the record in order that appellate review of that conclusion, which reaches only to abuse of the court's discretion, may be facilitated." Id. at 196-96 (citations omitted).

In 1980, the Legislature eliminated a trial court's discretion to order a psychiatric examination of a complaining witness in a sex offense case "for the purpose of assessing his or her credibility." Penal Code section 1112; People v. Castro, 30 Cal. App. 4th 390, 397 (1994). In People v. Barnes, 42 Cal. 3d 284 (1986), the Supreme Court stated:

"The [1980] amendment of section 261, subdivision (2) [deleting the resistance requirement in rape cases], acknowledges that previous expectational disparities, which singled out the credibility of rape complainants as suspect, have no place in a modern system of jurisprudence." <u>Id</u>. at 302.

The 1980 legis arive prohibition on psychiatric examinations of complaining witnesses in sex crime cases "overruled" the "line of authority" established by <u>Ballard</u> and <u>Russell</u>. See <u>People v. Anderson</u>, 25 Cal. 4th 543, 575 (2001) (court retained discretion to permit mental exam for competency, but not for credibility). When the legislature adopted Penal Code section 1112, which forbids the courts from ordering psychiatric examination of victims or complaining witnesses in sex-crime cases, a psychiatric examination can no longer be utilized to assess such a witnesses credibility. <u>People v. Espinoza</u>, 95 Cal. App. 4th 1287. 1511-12 (2002). However, trial courts have broad discretion to permit psychiatric examinations of witnesses to determine their competence to testify. <u>People v. Avala</u>, 23 Cal.4th 225, 263 (2000).

In People v. Gurule, 28 Cal. 4th 557, 591-92 (2002), the court stated:

"The mental illness or emotional instability of a witness can be relevant on the issue of credibility, and a witness may be cross-examined on the subject, if such illness affects the witness's ability to perceive, recall, or describe the events in question. (People v. Herring (1993) 20 Cal. App. 4th 1066, 1072; People v. Anderson (2001) 25 Cal. 543, 608)(conc.opn. of Kennard, J.).)"

Psychological evaluations of a witness are permissible in order to determine the ability of the witness to tell the truth as opposed to whether they are in fact telling the truth. <u>People v. Castro.</u> 30 Cal.

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App. 4th 390, 396 (1994). The purpose of section 1112 is to prevent a psychological examination "for purpose of addressing his or her credibility," but not for other legitimate purposes. <u>People v. Armhruster</u>, 163 Cal. App. 3d 660, 663 n. 1 (1985)(psychiatric exam may be ordered for other purpose such as witness competency). Psychiatric examinations to determine credibility are disfavored, as opposed to competency questions or other appropriate purposes. <u>People v. Manson</u>, 61 Cal. App. 3d 102, 137-38 (1976).

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To expert can be effectively cross-examined where only that expert has access to the subject matter and everyone else is precluded from checking the expert's observations.

A defendant has the right to cross-examine an expert witness on all aspects of the opinion rendered regarding the psychological state of a person the expert has examined. Nielsen v. Superior Court, 55 Cal.

App. 4th 1150, 1155 (1997). The right to cross examination of an expert who has rendered an opinion on

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the mental status of a witness extends to all records, things, and the subject matter of the expert's evaluation. People v. Reher, 177 Cal. App. 3d 523, 527 (1986). The right of confrontation and cross-examination of witnesses against a defendant is paramount to the state's policy of protecting anonymity of a complaining witness, a juvenile offender, or crime victim. Davis v. Alaska, 415 U.S. 308. 315-16 (1974).

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court has the power to require him to submit to a mental examination by an expert retained by the prosecution. Baqleh v. Superior Court, 100 Cal. App. 4th 47S, 48S (2002). In the context of a Penal code section 1369 competency hearing, the prosecution expert must be given "the same access to petitioner as

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the defense expert enjoyed." Id. The defense may not deny the prosecution's experts access to the defendant thereby preventing the expert from credibly disputing the opinions of defense experts because such denial of access would unfairly obstruct the truth-finding process. Id. at 490. See People v. McPeters. 2 Cal. 4th 1148, 1190 (1992)(It is unfair to permit a party to place his mental condition in issue and to support that contention with psychiatric testimony, while at the same time preventing the people from examining the defendant and presenting their own expert testimony).

In People v. Davis, 31 Cal. App. 3d 782 (1973), defendant was charged with auto theft. Defendant relied solely on diminished capacity as a defense against the charge and obtained an order from the court appointing a psychiatrist to examine him. At the trial the psychiatrist testified to defendant's mental condition, and that he left defendant probably lacked specific intent to deprive the vehicle owner of its possession. The prosecution then moved for appointment of its own psychiatrist because defendant had placed his mental condition in issue. The trial court granted the motion to examine defendant. The prosecution's psychiatrist was permitted to testify about his evaluation of defendant and to state an opinion on whether defendant could have formed the requisite specific intent, but not as to any incriminating statements defendant made during the examination. Defendant was convicted, and the Court of Appeal affirmed finding no error in permitting the prosecution to have a psychiatric examination of the defendant because the defendant placed in issue his mental condition. Id. at 786-87. An order appointing a psychiatrist to examine a defendant does not violate a defendant's constitutional right against self-incrimination because the defendant can assert the privilege to remain silent, either by refusing to submit to the examination or to answer questions. Id. at 785.

"Flowever, by presenting psychiatric testimony in support of his diminished capacity defendant here has waived his privilege against self-incrimination, at least to the extent of forcelosing any objection to the testimony of a court-appointed psychiatrist relating to the

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diminished capacity issue (In re Spencer, [63 Cal2d. 400, 412 n. 10 (1965)]). Our Supreme Court held in Spencer that opinion testimony from a court-appointed psychiatrist based upon his examination of a defendant in a criminal case is admissible as prosecution rebuttal during the guilt phase of the trial, once the defendant has placed his mental condition in issue by proffering an insanity or diminished capacity defense." Id. at 786.

The three conditions set forth in In to Spencer were satisfied because defendant had the assistance of coursel, placed his mental condition in issue, and the court instructed the jury that it should not consider incriminating statements defendant made to the psychiatrist. <u>Id</u>.

"The order was not made until defendant had actually presented the testimony of Dr. Gardner in support of his diminished capacity defense. Thus, the affirmative defense was clearly in issue and it was appropriate for the People to present psychiatric testimony in rebuttal if such evidence was available or could be developed." <u>Id.</u> at 787



In Centeno v. Superior Court, 117 Cal. App. 4th 30, 40 (2004), the court stated:

"It is true that a defendant who lenders his mental condition as an issue may be subject to examination by prosecution experts. (People v. McPeters, supra, 2 Cal.4th at p. 1190; Bagleh v.

MEMOICANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR MUNITAL EXAMINATION

NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:22 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY (FAX)805 560 1078 P. 019/043 Superior Court, Supra, Cal. App. 4th at pp. 485-493; Paople v. Danis, Supra, 31 Cal. App. 3d at pp. 2 786-787.7" 3 4 5 б 7 3 9 [0 1: 12 13 14 15 111. 15 CONCLUSION 17 13 For the foregoing reasons, Mr. Michael Jackson requests his Motion for Mental Examination of 19 Complaining Witnesses be granted. 20 DATED: November 12, 2004 COLLINS, MESEREAU, REDDOCK & YU 21 Thomas A. Mesereau Jr. Susan C. Yu SANGER & SWYSEN 33 Robert M. Sanger 24 OXMAN & JAROSCAK 25 Brian Oxman 25 27 R. Brian Oxman 23 Attorneys for Mr. Michael Jackson MEHODA NOUSE IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR MUNTAL ECAMINATION

12 11 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (N. COUNTY) (FAX)1 805 346 1497

NOV-24-2004 (NED)

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NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:23 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY

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DECLARATION OF BRIAN OXMAN

1. Plaintiff filed this action on December 18, 2003, charging Mr. Jackson with seven (7) counts of Lewd Acts Upon a Child in violation of Penal Code section 2882 and two (2) counts of administering an intoxicant to a minor in violation of Penal Code section 222. The Complaint was based on interviews from three (3) complaining witnesses:

..., then age 35, who is the mother of the two (2) minor complaining witnesses,

, then age 14, and

, then age 13.

3. Mr. Jackson voluntarily surrendered to the Santa Barbara Sheriff's Office on November 20, 2003, and was arraigned on the original charges on January 16, 2004. Mr. Jackson pleaded not guilty. However, the prosecution soon abandoned the December 18, 2003, Complaint and convened a Grand Jury to return an Indictment against Mr. Jackson. Without the benefit of witness cross-examination, the Grand Jury issued an indictment on April 26, 2004, consisting of one (1) count of conspiracy with five (5) other unindicted individuals in violation of Penal Code section 182, four (4) counts of Lewd Acts Upon a Child in violation of Penal Code section 288a, one (1) count of Attempted Lewd Act Upon a Child in violation of Penal Code sections 664 and 288a, and four (4) counts of Administering an Intoxicant in the Commission of a Felony in violation of Penal Code section 222.

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MICTION FOR MEMITAL EXAMINATION

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NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:23 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNE

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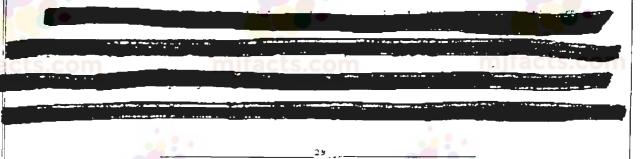
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27 28 4. The Indictment was markedly different from

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4. The Indictment was markedly different from the December 18, 2003, Complaint. The Complaint contained seven (7) counts of Lewd Acts Upon a Child, where the Indictment contained only four (4), plus one of Attempted Lewd Act Upon a Child. Somewhere, the perception of the facts in this case was significantly altered, and the Indictment no longer followed the details and chronology recounted by Psychologist Katz.

- 5. In addition, the Complaint alleged two (2) counts of Administration of an Intoxicant, where the Indictment alleged four (4). In view of repeated interviews and witness statements, the change in facts, counts, and dates has created an irreconcilable inconsistency with no explanation.
- 6. The dates of the alleged crimes also changed. The Complaint said five (5) of the seven (7) "lewd acts" allegedly occurred "on or between February 7, 2003, and March 10, 2003," and all the other counts occurred between February 20 and March 10, 2005. But the Indictment now says that all but the new conspiracy charges occurred between February 20, and March 12, 2003. Now it is a conspiracy starting February 7, but no lewd act until February 20. This was not just a narrowing of the time period, but it was also a lengthening of the time period. Suddenly, something happened on March 12 that was not included in the Complaint.
- 7. In the Indictment, Mr. Jackson was charged with conspiracy to engage in Child Abduction, False imprisonment, and Extortion. He was not indicted on the actual objects of the conspiracy itself, nor were these acts charged as stand-alone crimes or attempted crimes. Not even the alleged co-conspirators are charged with the crimes.



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(FAX)805 560 1078 NOV-23-2884 (TUE) 15:23 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY P. 022/043 mjfacts.com δ MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOIL MENTAL EXAMINATION

NOY-24-2004(WED) 12 11 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (N. COUNTY) (FAX)1 805 346 1497

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NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:24 SB CC. DISTRICT ATTORNEY (FAX)825 560 1078 P. 023/043 mjfac MEMORATION, IN SUITO, IT OF MOTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION

12 11 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (V. COUNTY)

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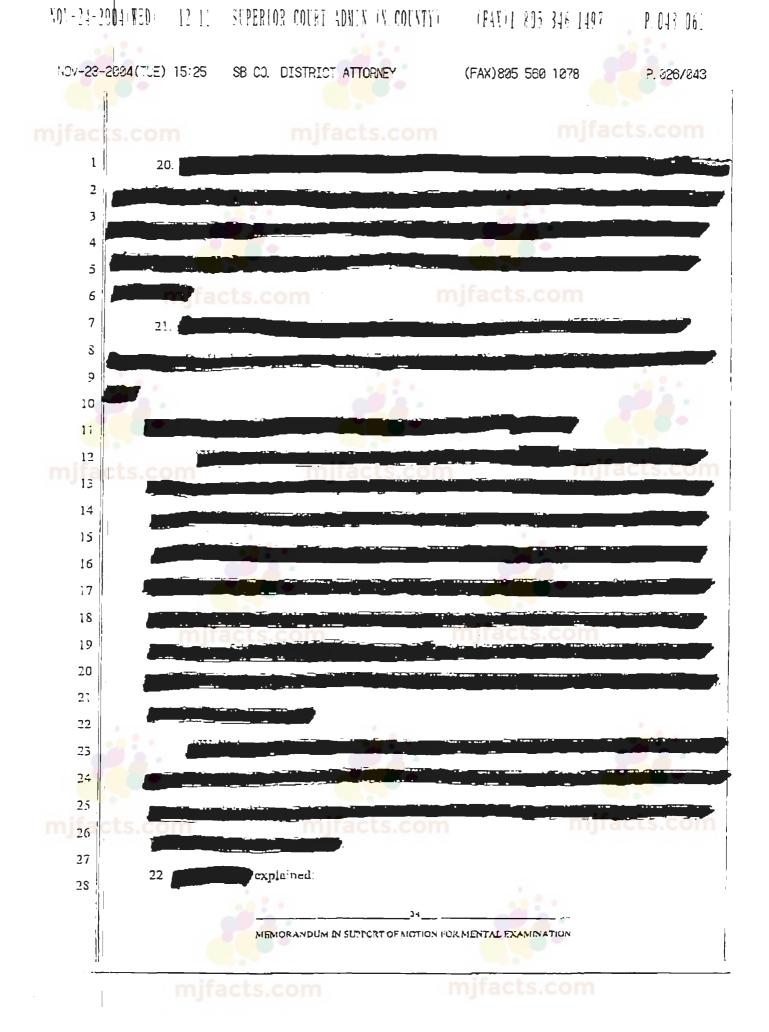
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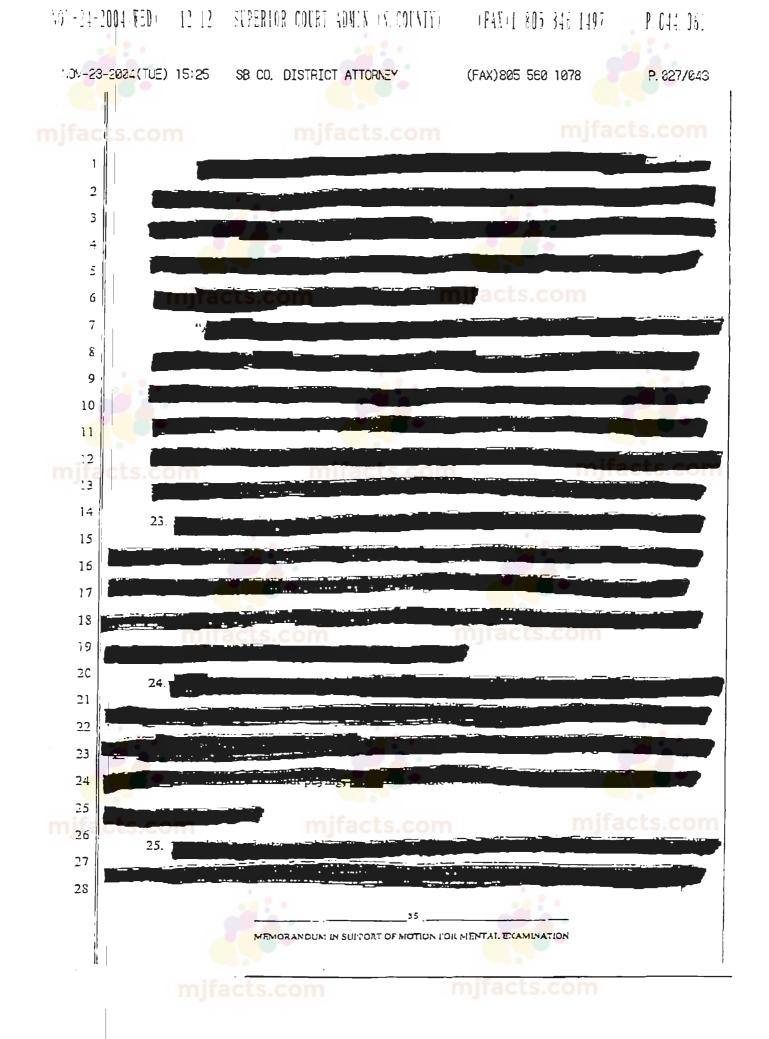
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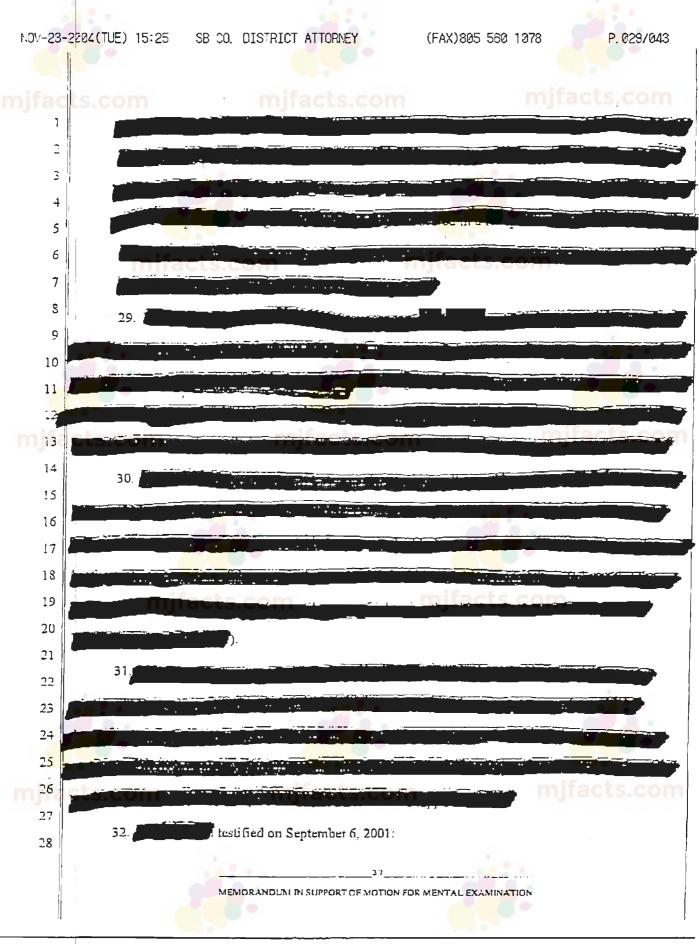
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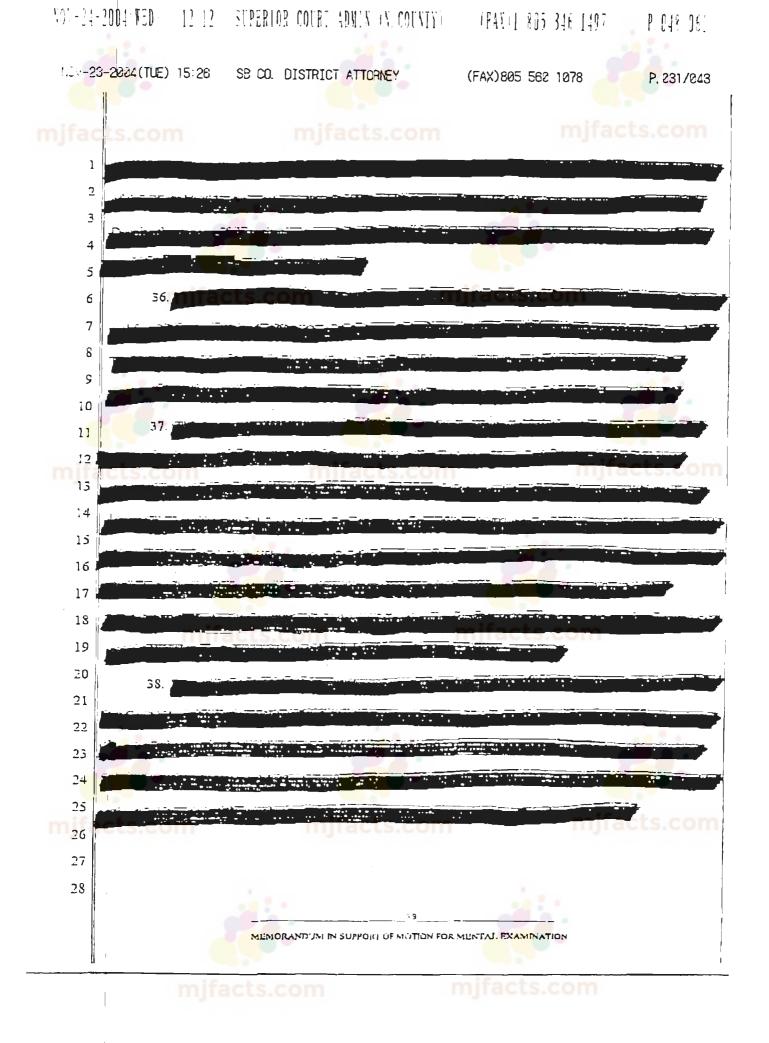


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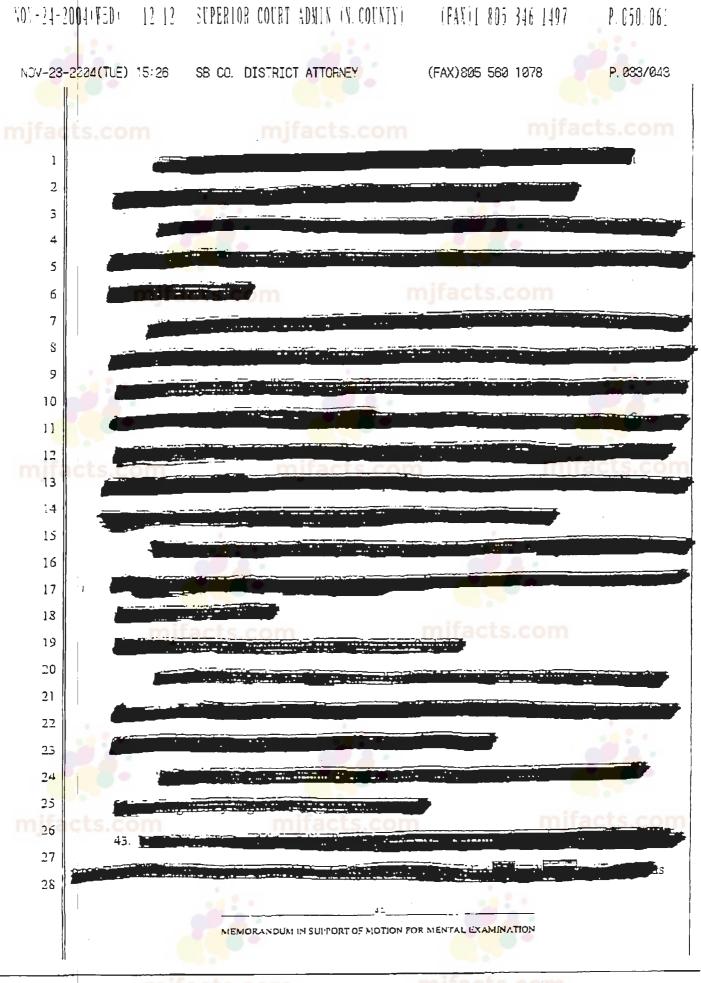
1.0V-23-2004(TUE) 15:26 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY (FAX)805 560 1078 P. 232/043 "Nolwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (d) of Section 22 of Article I of the California Constitution, the trial court shall not order any prosecuting witness, complaining witness, or any other witness, or victim in any sexual assault prosecution to submit to a psychiatric or psychological examination for the purpose of assessing his or her credibility." (Emphasis added). MEMOLANDUS: IN SUPPORT OF NICTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION

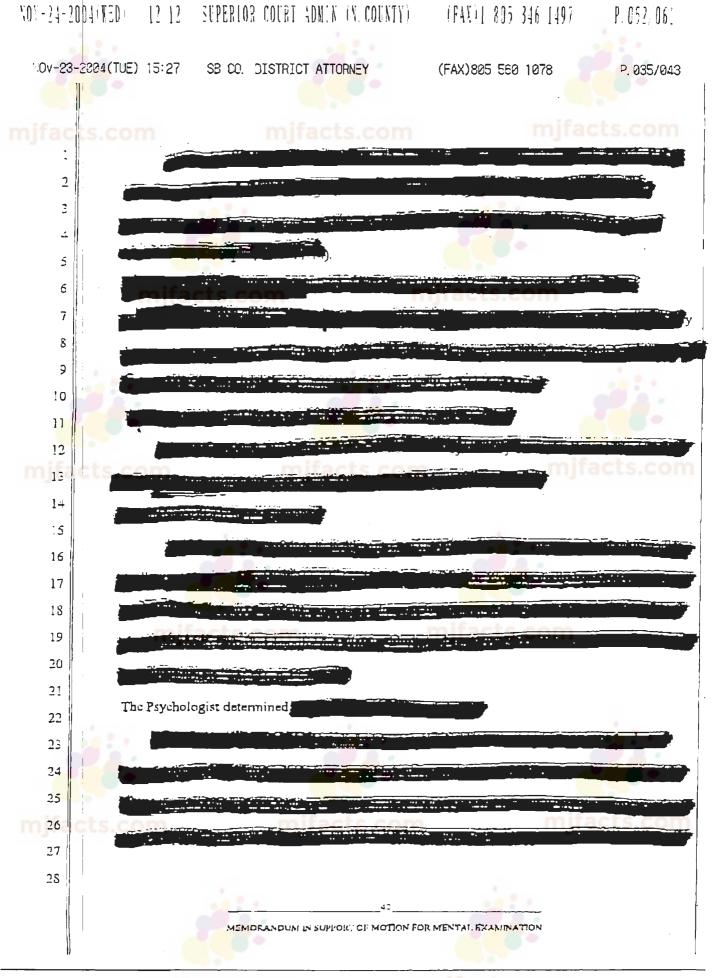
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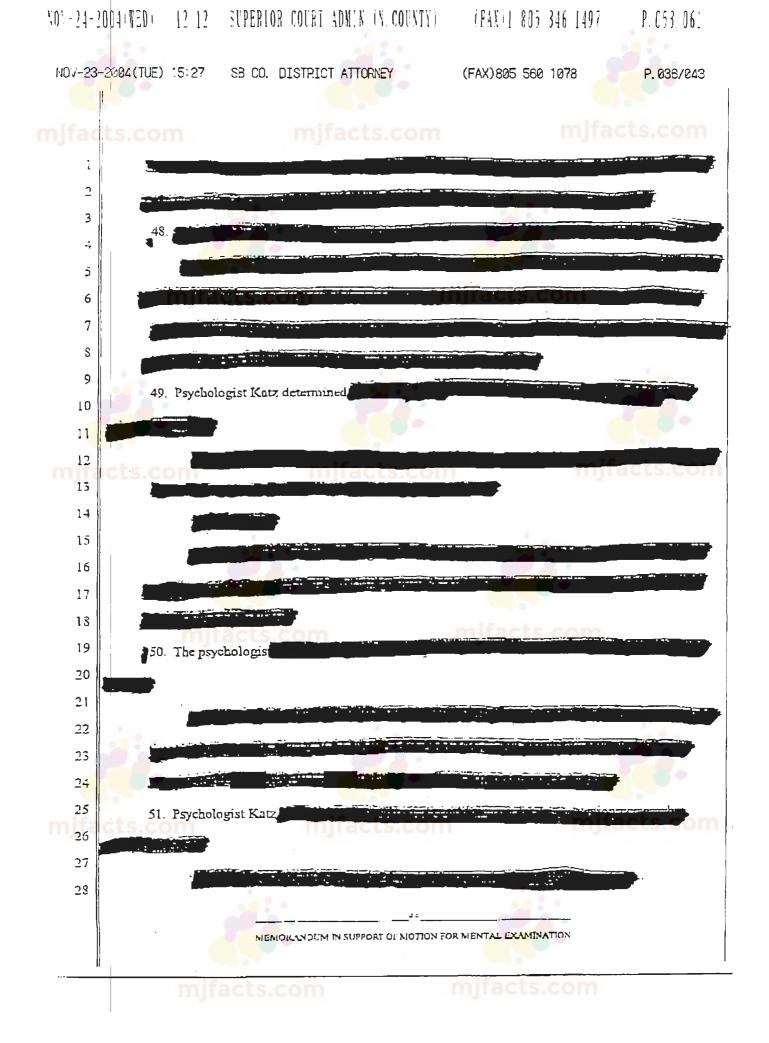
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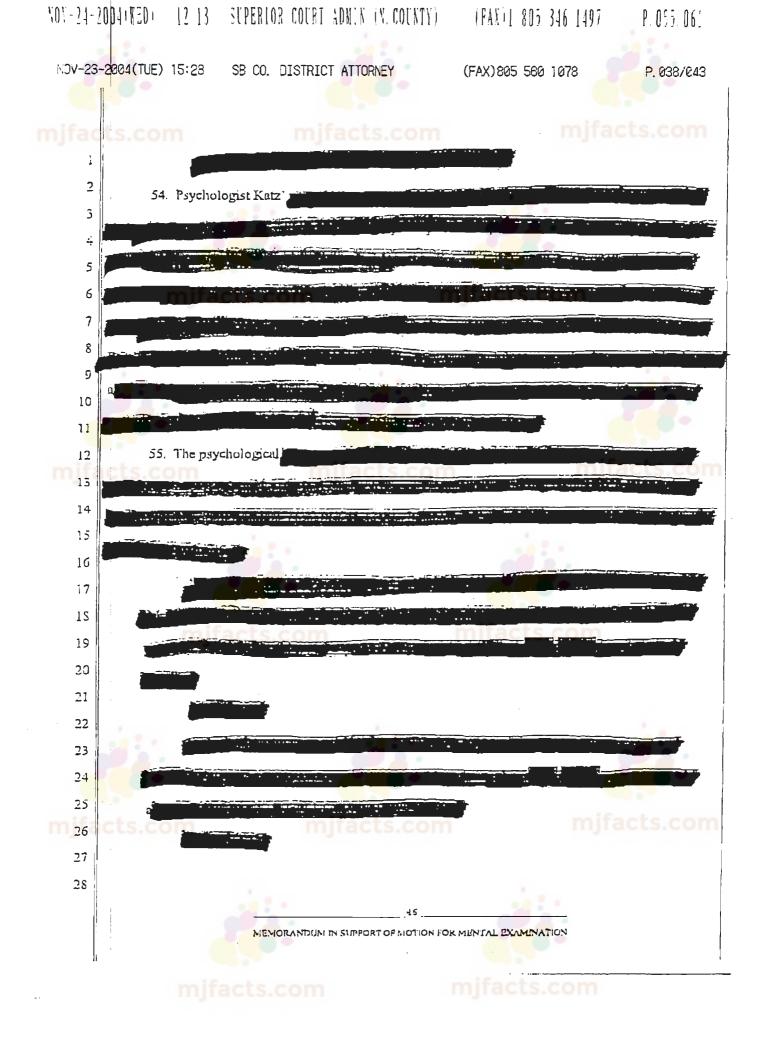


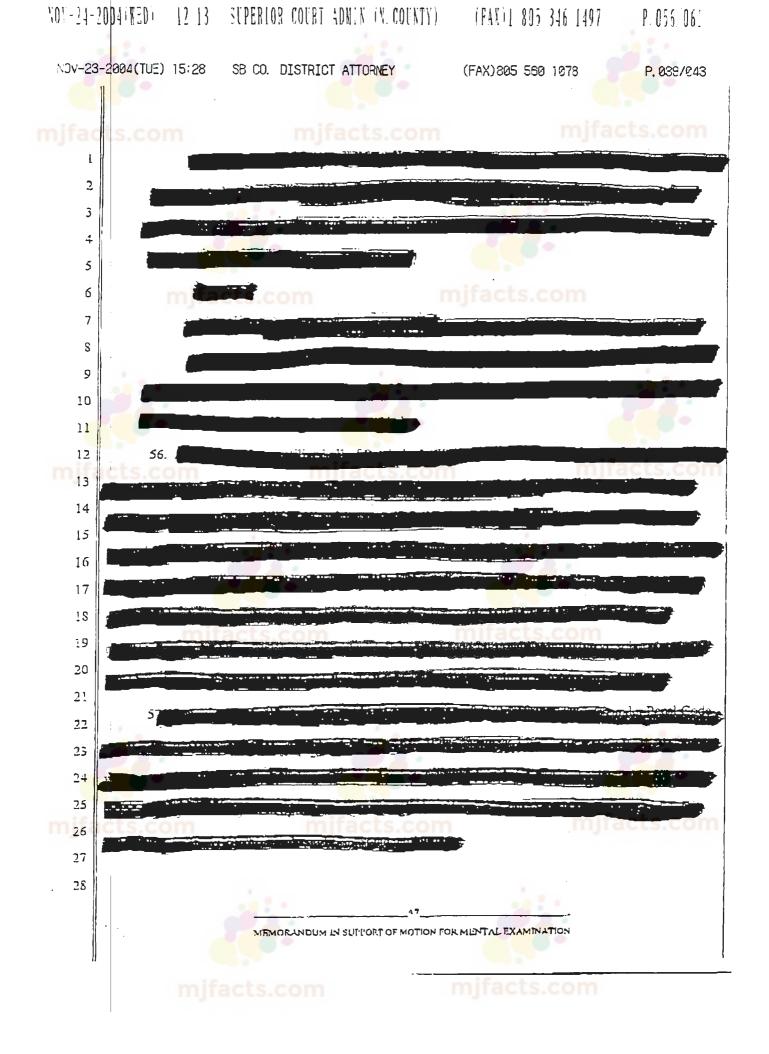




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P. 054: 061





SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNEY NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:29 (FAX)805 560 1078 P. 040/043 S I declare under penalty of perjuty under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and consct. Executed this 19th day of November, 2004, at Santa Fc Springs, California. R. Brian Oxman MUNIORANDEM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR MUNITAL EXAMINATION

(FAX)1 805 346 1497

P. 057, 061

NOV-24-2004 (RED) 12-13 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (N. COUNTY)

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YOY-24-2004(RED) 12-13 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (N. COUNTY) (FAX)1 805 346 1497 NOV-23-2004(TUE) 15:29 SB CO. DISTRICT ATTORNE (FAX)805 560 1078 P. 342/943 mifacts.com s.com PROOF OF SERVICE 1 2 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA)SS COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA 4 5 I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over 6 the age of eighteen years and I am not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is: District Attorney's Office; Courthouse; 1112 Santa Barbara Street, Santa Barbara, S California 93101. 9 On November 23, 2004, I served the within PLAINTIFF'S PROPOSED 10 REDACTION OF DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR COURT-ORDERED MENTAL 11 EXAMINATIONS OF CERTAIN PROSECUTION WITNESSES and PLAINTIFF'S 12 MEMORANDUM RE: DEFENDANT'S WOEFULLY INADEQUATE REDACTION OF 13 HIS on Defendant, by THOMAS A. MESEREAU, JR., ROBERT SANGER, and BRIAN 14 OXMAN by personally delivering a true copy thereof to Mr. Sanger's office in Santa Barbara, 15 by transmitting a facsimile copy thereof to Attorneys Mescreau and Oxman, and by causing a 16 true copy thereof to be mailed to each of them (Mr. Sanger excepted), first class postage 17 prepaid, at the addresses shown on the attached Service List. 18 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. 19 Executed at Santa Barbara, California on this 23rd day of November, 2004. 20 21 23 23 24 25 26 27 28

PLAINTIFF'S MEMOKANDUM RE: DEFENDANT'S PROPOSED REDACT<mark>ION OF M</mark>OTION FOR MENTAL EXAMS

12:13 SUPERIOR COURT ADMIN (M. COUNTY)

NOV-24-2004(NED)

(FAX)1 805 346 1497

P. 060/061

PROOF OF SERVICE 1013A(1)(3), 1013(c) CCP

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA:

I am a citizen of the United States of America and a resident of the county aforesaid. I am employed by the County of Santa Barbara, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 312-H East Cook Street, Santa Maria, California.

On NOVEMBER 24, 20 04, I served a copy of the attached ORDER FOR RELEASE OF REDACTED DOCUMENTS (MOTION FOR MENTAL EXAMINATION) addressed as follows:

THOMAS A. MESEREAU, JR.
COULINS, MESEREAU, REDDOCK & YU, LLP
1875 CENTURY PARK EAST. 7TH FLOOR
LOS ANGELES, CA 90067

THOMAS W. SNEDDON, JR.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
1112 SANTA BARBARA STREET
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101

X FAX

By faxing true copies thereof to the receiving fax numbers of: (310) 861-1007 (Thomas Mesereau,)r.): (805) 568-2398 (Thomas Sneddon) . Said transmission was reported complete and without error. Pursuant to California Rules of Court 2005(I), a transmission report was properly issued by the transmitting facsimile machine and is attached hereto.

MAIL

By placing true coples thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid, in the United States Postal Service mail box in the City of Santa Maria, County of Santa Barbara, addressed as above. That there is delivery service by the United States Postal Service at the place so addressed or that there is a regular communication by mail between the place of mailing and the place so addressed.

PERSONAL SERVICE

By leaving a true copy thereof at their office with the person having charge thereof or by hand delivery to the above mentioned parties.

EXPRESS MAIL

By depositing such envelope in a post office, mailbox, sub-post office, substation, mail chute, or other like facility regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service for receipt of Express Mail, in a sealed envelope, with express mail postage paid.

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 24TH day NOVEMBER __20_04_ at Santa Maria, California.

CARRIE L. WAGNER

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